## The Sun, the Earth, the Moon and Pi

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## The Sun's diameter divided by the Moon's Diameter 400x



## $1391684 / 3474.8=400.50$

The Earth's moon is about 400 times smaller than the Sun. When observed in the Earth's sky, the Moon appears to be almost the same size as the Sun, due to their distances from the Earth.

$1391684 / 12742=109.22$
The Earth is about 109 times smaller than the Sun when compared as of their respective diameters. Due to the oblate spherical shape of the Earth the exact value may vary.


$$
3474.8 \mathrm{kms}
$$ Diameter of the Earth's Moon

## 3474.8 multiplied times pi equals 10916.40

The Moon's diameter multiplied times pi is nearly 100 times the relationship of the Sun's diameter to Earth's diameter.

$$
10916.40 / 109.22=99.9487
$$

## $1391684 / 12742=109.22$

The Sun's diameter divided by the Earth's diameter

Diameter of the
Earth

## Enter pi ... Л. . . another way


3474.8 kms

Diameter of the
Earth's Moon

### 109.22 divided by pi equals 34.765

The relationship of the Sun's diameter to the Earth's diameter then divided by pi is about $1 / 100$ th the Moon's diameter.
34.765 times $100=3476.5$

## 1391684 / 12742 = 109.22

The Sun's diameter divided by the Earth's diameter

## The Sun, the Earth, the Moon and Pi

## 3474.8 times pi equals 10916.40615 10916.40615 times 12742 equals 139096847.2

The Moon's diameter times pi equals 10916.40615 10916.40615 times the Earth's diameter equals 99.9 times the Sun's diameter


## The Sun, the Earth, the Moon and Pi

## 1391684 divided by 12742 equals 109.2202166 109.2202166 divided by pi equals 34.76587471

The Sun's diameter divided by the Earth's diameter equals 109.2202166
109.2202166 divided by pi equals $1 / 100$ th the Moon's diameter


## The Sun, the Earth, the Moon and Pi

by Intelligent Design

## Moon's diameter times pi equals 109.16

109.16 times Earth's diameter equals ca. fractal Sun's diameter

Sun's diameter divided by the Earth's diameter equals 109.2202166
109.2202166 divided by pi equals ca.fractal of Moon's diameter

> The Sun, the Earth, the Moon and Pi The Thermodynamic temperature Scale The Earth's Matrix

The basic fractal unit measurements of spacetime and its forms of matter-energy appear in the relationships of the Sun|Earth|Moon
the Earth's Matrix
$400 / 109=3.669724771$ $12742 / 3474.8=3.666973639$
373.15 kelvin divided by 273.15 kelvin equals 1.366099213

The difference between BPW and FPW is 0.366099213
Visit www.earthmatrix.com for studies on the
Earth/matriX absolute thermodynamic temperature scale. Boiling/Freezing point of water as Unit 1.0

> The Sun, the Earth, the Moon and Pi The Thermodynamic temperature Scale The Earth's Matrix

Sun|Moon ratio divided by Sun|Earth ratio

$$
400 / 109=3.669
$$

Earth's diameter divided by Moon's diameter

$$
12742 / 3474.8=3.6669
$$

373.15 kelvin divided by 273.15 kelvin equals 1.3661

## On Earth

when freezing point of water [FPW] is unit $\mathbf{1 . 0}$ the boiling point of water [BPW] is $\mathbf{1 . 3 6 6 1}$

The difference between BPW and FPW is $\mathbf{0 . 3 6 6 1}$

## The Sun, the Earth, the Moon and Pi <br> The Earth/matriX Thermodynamic Temperature Scales Reflect the Earth's Matrix

## Proposal

Adopt the Earth/matriX
Absolute Thermodynamic Temperature Scales
These temperature scales reflect and represent the physical-chemical constants and relationships of the forms of matter-energy of spacetime/motion

Science will benefit from their adoption.
Consult the different absolute temperature scales at www.earthmatrix.com

## The Sun, the Earth, the Moon and Pi by Intelligent Design

The relationships illustrated in this essay, regarding the diameters of the Sun, the Earth and the Moon, appear as of the volumes of mass implied therein. The relationship of the Moon to the Sun in terms of a 400:1 proportion is a well-known fact. That nearly whole-number ratio derives implications for the spacetime concept of gravity and its effects upon and as of matter-energy in the form of spherical bodies.
The relationship of the concept of pi is another story. Its unique relation to the diameters of the Sun $\mid$ Earth $\mid$ Moon is pointed out here for the first time. The 400:1 Moon|Sun proportion may have been considered a quirk of fate in our solar system. The relationship of $\boldsymbol{p i}$ to the Sun|Earth|Moon as illustrated in this essay, suggests a distinct interpretation for the field of astronomy.

Its explanation requires further study.

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